#### Carriage

### Sponges.

A Fine Selection of Cuban Wool Sponges just received. We are selling them at

#### 25 cents.

#### Will E. Collins & Co.,

DRUG MEN,

115 North Washington St.

#### THE OWOSSO TIMES.

EDMUND O. DEWEY, EDITOR.

OWOSSO, FRIDAY, OCT. 1, 1897.

The republicans of New York city have inated Gen. B. F. Tracy for mayor.

Those people who are satisfied with Mr. Bryan's explanation of the cause in the adce in the price of wheat might do well to inquire of him about the advance of wool, ing them, bringing them in almost free of He says the advance in wheat was due to a duty. shortage abroad. There is no record of any siderable shortage abroad in wool, yet prices of wool have advanced sixty per cent the preceding year. ce the beginning of September, 1896, while silver has fallen twenty per cent in

The total state tax for 1897 is \$2,879,907,-23, of which \$1,354,576.21 is for general ses. Some of the larger items that go tained by the conference committee. to make up the total aggregate are as follows: University, \$207,183.33; the two normal schools, \$90,650; Michigan College of Mines, \$45,000; Industrial School for boys, \$66,500; for girls, \$46,750; Home for le Minded, \$76,788; Soldiers' Home 88,000, School for the Blind, \$28,000; School for the Deaf, \$82,050; Michigan National Guard, \$89,665.64; relief for Onnagon fire sufferers, \$25,000. Shiawassee county will be called upon to pay \$36,072.25.

Reports from the manufacturing districts, north and south, continue to show increased livity. Three large cordage mills at Isaia, Ohlo, which have been out of operation for several years, are being reopened with a full force of men. The Wead Paper Mills at Malone, New York, which have been idle for two years, have been reopened; the Bridgeton, Pennsylvania, Woolen Mills, which have been closed nearly three years, have resumed operations; two of the Ohio Valley railroads have given orders for one ad new box cars each, for use in the dness which is being offered them, and which they are now unable to handle: the Cieveland Rolling Mills report a large order for bar steel from Birmingham, England, and an Ohio paper mill reports a contract of everal thousand tons of print paper for the

The visit of senators Mantle and Petticovers the value of Japan's silver coins during the past few years, they would have found it entirely unnecessary to take their the Wilson law than under the Dingley law, trip across the Pacafic, though that might which they knew would go into operation be a very convenient trip for almost any-body to take providing the silver trust saw fit to pay expenses. The report of the director of the mint shows that the Japanese silver yen, which was worth 83 1-10 its effort to bring in free of duty what is its in 1891, was worth only 47 8-10 cents in 1897, all of which should have been suffiand facts without a foreign junket as an double that of July, 1896, while in the seven Mantle having omitted to favor the people of this country with the result of their mderview with the Mikado, the public may the entire seven months of the calendar given in the following table, until the silver en are heard from.

| Year.       | Value of<br>Silver Yen. | Value of<br>Gold Ye |
|-------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| 1888        |                         | 99.7                |
| 1889        |                         | 99.7                |
| 1890        |                         | 99.7                |
| 1891        |                         | 99.7                |
| 1899        |                         | 99.7                |
| 1898        |                         | 99.7                |
| 1894        | ARCHITECTURE CONTRACTOR | 99.7                |
| 1895        |                         | 99.7                |
| 1896        | 52.9                    | 99.7                |
| 1897 (July) | 47.8                    | 99.7                |

Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 27, '97. aw got upon the statute books.

UNEXAMPLED PROMPTNESS That it did become a law more promptly time.

han any tariff measure since Washington has been already explained in this correspondence. Canvass the history of all administrations and all tariff laws, and you nauguration of a new presid WHY THE FARMER SHOULD REJOICE.

But the purpose of the opening remarks as to the farmer was to call attention to the raid which was made on him in the closing days of the old law, and the advantages which he gained by the promptness of republican legislation which put a stop to that

DODGING THE NEW DUTY ON FARM PROD-

The chief ambition of the importers in the closing months of the Wilson tariff eems to have been to "gouge" the farmer out of the last penny possible by rushing in all the farm products they could rake and crape the world over.

Take the matter of live animals for in; stance. The value of the live animals imported in the month of July, 1897, amounted to \$354,000,000, while in July, 1896, they amounted to only \$73,000,000.

The cattle imported in July, 1897, numbered 27,740, while in July, 1896, they numbered only 3,071. This was the last chance of the importers to gouge the farmers by rushing in Mexican cattle at the low rates of the Wilson law, and by undervalu-

The number of sheep imported in July, 1897, was 39,984, against 4,078 in July of

The importations of raw cotton during July, 1897, amounted to 6,595,908 pounds, against 1,764,100 in July of the preceding year, this being due doubtless to the expectation that the duty on cotton which was placed in the bill by the senate would be re

The duty placed upon hides of course stimulated the importation of this article during the closing days of July, before the new law went into effect. The total imports of hides, other than fur skins, during the month of July amounted to 21,434,162 pounds, against 9,209,961 in the corresponding month of 1896. The imports of hides during the entire seven months of the calendar year amounted to 150,558,450 pounds, against 78,392,411 pounds in the correspondng months of the preceding year.

The last shot that the wool importers and wool producers of foreign countries could get at the American farmer under the freewool clause of the Wilson law was shown in the imports of wool during July, 1897, being over 23,000,000 pounds, as against 5,458,000 pounds in the corresponding month of last year. For the seven months of 1897 ending with July the imports of wool amounted to 316,000,000 pounds, as against 107,000,000 pounds in the corresponding onths of the preceeing year.

The increase in the duty on vegetable bres, such as flax, hemp, etc., stimulated the dealers in that class of goods to unusual activity, the July imports of this class amounting to \$1,400,000, against \$900,000 of the corresponding month of last year.

NO OPPORTUNITY NEGLECTED.

The importers neglected no opportunity the Mikado of Japan to inquire their own pocket or take away from the why silver has been demonetized seems to Dingley law its earning capacity during its have been a great loss of time and labor dirst few months. The importation into the

FREE RAW MATERIAL.

One special feature of the Wilson law was usually termed "raw material"—that is, materials in a crude condition for use in aformation for anybody who wanted tion of this particular class of articles was animent. Senators Pettigrew and months ending with July, 1897, the increase in free raw material amounted to \$55,000,-

year 1897. It will thus be seen that while every interest was "raided" by the importers in the last months of the Wilson law, the farmer was the greatest sufferer. That he is already feeling the benefit of the Dingley law, however, is shown by the general advance in prices. Nearly every production of the farm has increased in value, while silver has been as steadily falling in price. The latest farm product to hear from is cotton seed and cotton seed meal, which have

dvanced very rapidly of late, southern newspapers reporting high prices and that every consignment is eagerly seized by buy-ers, and wool which sold in September of The farmers of the country will have ors, and wool which sold in September of nod reason to congratulate themselves up- 1896 at seventeen cents a pound is selling n the promptness with which the Dingley in September of 1897 at twenty-seven cents. an advance of about sixty per cent; yet silver is falling twenty per cent or more mean-

County S. S. Association.

The niueteenth annual meeting of the Shiawassee County Sunday School Associawill find none since the original tariff act tion, will be held in the M. E. church, Corwhich became a law so promptly after the unna, Thursday and Friday, Oct. 21-22,

PROGRAM.

THURSDAY FORENOON. 10:30-Devotional Service, Rev. T. J. Mott, Cor-unna. Thought-"Our Greatest Need." ference, considering: 1-The S S. as the instructional opportunity of the church. 2-How to increase its power as a converting agency. THURSDAY AFTERNOON.

Primary Session 1:30-Devotional Services, Mrs. Ed. Shuttle worth, Corunna. Helps in Lesson Preparation

Primary Teacher," Mrs. E. S. Allen, 2:15-"Environments," Rev. F. A. Stevens

2:45-"Co operation of the Home and School its Importance and How to Secure It," Miss Helen Shanafelt, Owosse

Songs and Music for the Little Ones," Miss Florence Zimmerman, Owosso. Primary Songs Illustrated, in the use of: a. "We'll be Right." b. "Collection Song," by primary department of the Presbyterian school, Corunna.

S. S. Lesson for Oct. 24, taught by Miss Charlena Robbins, Owoss -Song, "Happy Hearts," primary depart-

ment Baptist S. S. Corunna. Song, "God Made All Things," primary department M. E. S. S., Corunna. ong," by the children, con ducted by Mrs. M. E. Kellogg, Corunna. EVENING SESSION.

7:00-Song and Praise Service. 7:30-"The Teacher's Meeting and How to Conduct It," Supt. J. W. Simmons, Owosso. "Methods of Profitable Bible Study," E. Mohr, Supt. Field Work for Michiga Adjourn

PRIDAY FORENOON. 8:50-Conference of County and Township Omsers and Workers, led by E. K. Mohr,

Grand Rapids. Call to order. Short Devotional Service to be followed by a Bible Reading by E. K. Mohr.

Minutes of last County Convention and Secretary's Annual Report, Maud Harper, Shaftsburg. How to Study and How to Teach the S.

S. Lesson," Mrs. M. S. Watkins, Owosso The S. S. Teacher: 1. As a Soul Winner: 2. In His Pastoral Work," Rev. O. J. Roberts, Morrice.

Business Hour, including report of treasurer; election of officers; pledge for '98; delegates to State Convention, etc. PRIDAY AFTERNO

1:30-Devotional Service, led by Rev. A. Marshall, Corunna Unfinished business "S. S. Management," Prof. C. T. Collins

"The Home Department-What? Why?

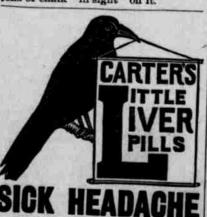
How?" E. K. Mohr. 3:00-Normal Work

8:30—"How to Secure the Home Study of the S. S. Lesson," Miss Rachel Evans, Cor-

After the Convention, what? Wherein have I been helped! Closing testimony and consecration ser Adjourn.

An Island of Chalk.

The English island of Thanet is al-Had they taken the trouble to examine the United States in the month of July, 1897, island is 10 miles in length and about most wholly composed of chalk. The found to be excellent mariners. report of the Director of the Mint, which amounted to \$53,790,407, of which a very 5 in breadth, and geologists say that



Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

# Clothing, Hats Caps and Gent's Furnishings



Sürpasses anything we have ever shown in quantity, quality, style, workmanship, patterns and low prices. You will be surprised to see the low prices we are quoting on high grade goods and when we tell you

#### We Can Save You Money

We say so because we know it. We have taken great care to select the best values on the market, and in spite of the raise in prices of some goods in our line, we were lucky enough to place our order early and before the prices advanced. If you are in need of a Suit or Overcoat, now is the time to pick it out, while the stock is complete, and if you see something you want we will lay it away for you until you need it. We can safely say that comparison will convince you that the New Store is the place to spend your money.

Your Hustling Clothiers,

NEW STORE, Cor. Washington and Exchange Streets.

#### WICKING & STORRER.

#### FACTS IN A FEW LINES.

Red hats were first worn by cardinals in the year 1245. Blotting paper is made of cotton rags

boiled with sods. The African deserts are slowly be

oming habitable. The number of inhabited houses in

ondon is estimated at about 548,800. Massachusetts has the largest foreign born population. New York is second. Eighty-five per cent of the people who are lame are affected on the left

It is estimated that about 250,000,000 bricks are used monthly in Great

In 1895 California produced \$15,000,-000 worth of gold and Colorado \$18,-

But 14 towns in Massachusetts and 17 in Connecticut are without public libraries

Florida, of all the states, has the most water within its boundaries, 4,440 square miles. People who sell newspapers in the streets of Moscow are compelled to ap-

pear in uniform. Worcester, Mass., turns out more envelopes each year than any other city in the United States

In France 4,000,000 tons of potatoes are annually used in the manufacture of starch and alcohol.

During 1896 Illinois produced more than one-third of all the distilled spirits made in the United States. Women sailors are employed in Nor-

way, Denmark and Finland and are The income of a teacher in a private school of China is very small, about a

half penny a day for each pupil. The Chinese condemn criminals to death by preventing sleep. Sufferers last from 12 to 20 days, when death comes to their relief.

The gold production of the United

States was greatest in 1853, when it aggregated \$65,000,000. The greatest silver year was 1892. The average daily attendance of children in the public schools is highest in

Pennsylvania, being 779,000, while in New York it is 757,000. The largest amount of gold coin and bullion in circulation in the United States was in 1890. The most silver

was in circulation in 1891. The national guard of Connecticut, 2,800 men, can be concentrated in four towns ready for service outside the

state in from 8 to 12 hours. Cabbage is said to be a cure for intoxication. Natives of Egypt eat boiled cabbage before their other food if they intend to drink wine after dinner.

The cost of the official records of the rebellion has been thus far \$2,334,328, and the total when the work is done is expected to foot up to \$8,000,000. This is \$26,785 a volume.

Owosso horsemen will have an opportuni-Owoseo horsemen will have an opportunity next season to breed their choicely bred trotting mares to one of the best bred and finest individual stallions in Michigan, as the owner of Will Carleton 2.25¼ has been persuaded to bring this great young Pilot Medium stallion to Owosso, March 1, 1898, to make a full season. Will Carleton is a large, handsome stallion; a first premium winner, always in the show ring; a producer of speed and fine market horses; is a son of the great Michigan sire, Pilot Medium, sire of 85, dam Trixey (dam of 5) by Louis Napoleon.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets c. 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money "How to Cure all Skin Diseases."

"How to Cure an Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment."

No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch. all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for Swayne's Ointment.

WANTED-1000 tons timothy hay, for which I will pay the highest market price. A. Topp.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c

If C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c

If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money

#### REASONS FOR USING

#### Walter Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa. Because it is absolutely pure. Because it is not made by the so-called Dutch Process in

Because beans of the finest quality are used.

Because it is made by a method which preserves unimpaired the exquisite natural flavor and odor of the beans. Because it is the most economical, costing less than one cent

Be sure that you get the genuine article made by WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd., Dorchester, Mass. Established 1780.

#### AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA PAY WHEN CURED!

G. A. MUNCH, M. D., the eminent specialist who has five diplomas and two honorary diplomas, will be at

## OWOSSO, NATIONAL HOTEL,

Friday, Saturday and Sunday, October 15th, 16th and 17th.

Other goods in proportion.

No matter what you disease or who has failed to cuoe you consult him.

#### Consultations Free and Strictly Confidential.

All Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases and Diseases of Women cured by our special system of treatment.

If you suspect having any Kidney, Bladder or Blood Disease or Failing Memory, Nervous Trouble, Lung Effection or any Irregularity of the Heart, etc., bring some urine and have it annalyzed and examined by a large and powerful microscope and thus assist to quickly make an ACCURATE DIAGNOSIS. Such an examinations usually cost \$5 to \$10 but will be FREE this month.

If you have been deceived by FRAUDS, HUMBUGS, QUACKS, and so-called "SPECIALISTS," call and investigate. Bear in mind WE ASK NO PAY UNTIL CURED, if you will deposit money in bank or give security. For further information or circulars see Dr. Munch, or address, with stamp,

Detroit Medical and Surgical Institute, 145 Pine street, Detroit. 

# THE . (LOTHING . QUESTION . IS . NO . SE(RET!

We can give you more value for a dollar than our competitors can give for two. As our goods are bought strictly for cash and sold at a small margin that makes the other little fellows shake.

## WE SHALL PUT ON SALE FOR THE NEXT 10 DAYS:

THIS IS A PRICE BREAKER FOR THE NEXT 10 DAYS AT THE

BOSTON CLOTHING HOUSE.